This Page Is Inserted by IFW Operations and is not a part of the Official Record

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images may include (but are not limited to):

- BLACK BORDERS
- TEXT CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
- FADED TEXT
- ILLEGIBLE TEXT
- SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
- COLORED PHOTOS
- BLACK OR VERY BLACK AND WHITE DARK PHOTOS
- GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

As rescanning documents will not correct images, please do not report the images to the Image Problem Mailbox.

PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN

(11)Publication number:

63-136532

(43) Date of publication of application: 08.06.1988

(51)Int.CI.

H01L 21/324

H01L 21/30

(21)Application number: 61-282843

(71)Applicant:

NEC KYUSHŲ LTD

(22)Date of filing:

27.11.1986

(72)Inventor >

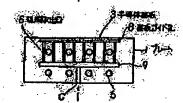
HAYASHIDA-SHUICHI

(54) THERMAL TREATMENT EQUIPMENT FOR SEMICONDUCTOR SUBSTRATE

(57) Abstract:

PURPOSE: To remove the adhesion of dust and a foreign matter onto a semiconductor substrate by forming a supply opening for hot air floating and holding the semiconductor substrate by pneumatic pressure to the bottom of a substrate guide hole.

CONSTITUTION: A plurality of heaters 5 for heating are buried into a plate 1, and a plurality of hot-air supply openings 6 are provided in suspension. A substrate guide hole 8 is shaped to the upper surface of the plate 1, and the hot-air supply openings 6 are bored to the bottom of said guide hole 8. A gas taken in from an introducing port 10 is controlled at a heating temperature by the heaters 5 in a temperature control chamber 9 set up in the plate 1, and the gas is blown off from the hot-air supply openings 6 as hot air. Previously temperature-controlled hot air in required quantity is blown off from the hot-air supply openings 6, and a substrate 3 is floated up.



LEGAL STATUS

[Date of request for examination]

[Date of sending the examiner's decision of rejection]

[Kind of final disposal of application other than the examiner's decision of rejection or application converted registration]

[Date of final disposal for application]

[Patent number]

[Date of registration]

[Number of appeal against examiner's decision of rejection]

[Date of requesting appeal against examiner's decision of rejection]

[Date of extinction of right]

Copyright (C); 1998,2003 Japan Patent Office

DERWENT-ACC-NO:

1988-200457

DERWENT-WEEK:

198829

COPYRIGHT 1999 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD

TITLE:

Wafer treating method for removing dust - blowing

heated

air from bottom of plate with wafer guiding hole thus

floating wafer NoAbstract Dwg 1/3

PATENT-ASSIGNEE: NEC KYUSHU LTD[KYUN]

PRIORITY-DATA: 1986JP-0282843 (November 27, 1986)

PATENT-FAMILY:

PUB-NO

PUB-DATE

LANGUAGE

PAGES

MAIN-IPC

JP 63136532 A

June 8, 1988

N/A

004

N/A

APPLICATION-DATA:

PUB-NO APPL-DATE

APPL-DESCRIPTOR

APPL-NO

JP 63136532A N/A

1986JP-0282843

November 27, 1986

INT-CL (IPC): H01L021/32

ABSTRACTED-PUB-NO:

EQUIVALENT-ABSTRACTS:

TITLE-TERMS: WAFER TREAT METHOD REMOVE DUST BLOW

HEAT AIR BOTTOM PLATE WAFER

GUIDE HOLE FLOAT WAFER NOABSTRACT

DERWENT-CLASS: U11

EPI-CODES: U11-C04A1; U11-F02A2;

昭63-136532 @ 公 開 特 許 公 報 (A)

@Int_CI_4

識別記号

庁内整理番号

母公開 昭和63年(1988)6月8日

H 01 L 21/324

21/30

D-7738-5F H-7376-5F 361

審査請求 未請求 発明の数 1 (全3頁)

図発明の名称 半導体基板熱処理装置

> 创特 頭 昭61-282843

図出 願 昭61(1986)11月27日

者 の発 明 林 田 秀

熊本県熊本市八幡町100番地 九州日本電気株式会社内

熊本県熊本市八幡町100番地

九州日本電気株式会社 砂出 頣

の代 理 人 弁理士 菅 野

阴 奪

1. 発明の名称

半導休基板熱処理装置

2. 特許請求の範囲

(1) 温度コントロールされたプレート上に半導体 基板を搭載して該基板の熱処理を行なう半導休基 仮熱処理装置において、前記プレートの上面に半 導体基板を収容する基板ガイド孔を設け、該基板 ガイド孔の底部に、半導体基板を空気圧により浮 遊保持する熱風の吹出口を設けたことを特徴とす る半導体基板熱処理装置。

3. 発明の詳細な説明

「産業上の利用分野」

木発明は半導体製造工程において、半導体基板 の熱処理を行う半導体基板熱処理装置に関するも のである。

[従来の技術]

従来、このような装置は第3図に示すように、 水平に敷設され温度コントロールされたプレート 1にレール2により搬入された半導体基板3を該 プレート 1上に真空口 2 から真空引きして真空吸 着させ熱処理を行う構造のものである。

[発明が解決しようとする問題点]

上述した従来の半導体基板熱処理装置は、プ レート1と半導体基板3が吸着状態で処理される ため、プレート1上にゴミ, 異物が付待している と、半導休基板3の吸着面に付着し次工程での処 型に悪影響を与え、さらにプレート1と基板3の 接触によりゴミが発生するという欠点がある。

本発明の目的は前記問題点を解消し、半導体基 板をプレートと非接触で熱処理する半導体基板熱 処理装置を提供することにある。

[問題点を解決するための手段]

本発明は温度コントロールされたプレート上に 半導体基板を搭載して該基板の熱処理を行なう半 導体基板熱処理装置において、前記プレートのト 面に半導体基板を収容する基板ガイド孔を設け、 該基板ガイド孔の底部に、半導体基板を空気圧に より浮遊保持する熱風の吹出口を設けたことを特 做とする半導体基板熱処理装置である。

[実施例]

次に本発明の一実施例について図面を参照して説明する。

実施例において、基板3が散送レール2にてa. b方向に移送され基板ガイド孔8にセットされる。 第2図に示すように熱風吹出口6からはあらかじ め温度制御された必要量の熱風を吹出して基板3 を浮遊させる。

以上の説明から明らかなように基板3はプレート1と非接触の状態で熱処理されるために基板裏面へのゴミ付着がなく、接触によるゴミの発生もなくなる。

[発明の効果]

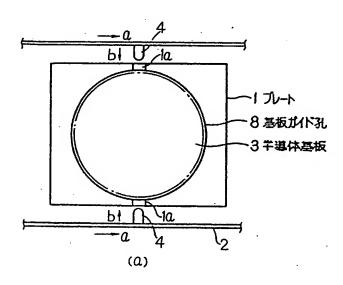
以上説明したように本発明は半導体基板をアレートより浮遊させて熱処理する構造としたため、 半導体基板へのゴミ、異物の付着をなくし、さら に接触によるゴミの発生もなくすことができる効 果を有するものである。

4. 図面の簡単な説明

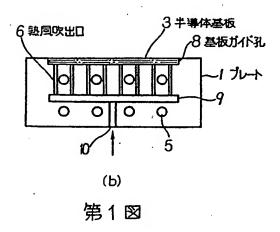
第1図(a) は本発明の一実施例を示す平面図、(b) は同断面図、第2図は第1図の拡大断面図、第3図(a) は従来装置の平面図、(b) は同断面図である。

1 ··· アレート、2 ··· レール、3 ··· 半導体基板、4 ··· クランプ、5 ··· ヒーター、6 ··· 熱風吹出口、8 ··· 基板ガイド孔

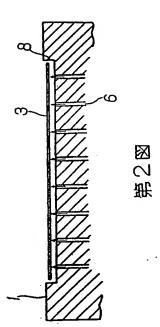
特許出願人 九州日本電気株式会社 代 理 人 弁理士 菅 野 中

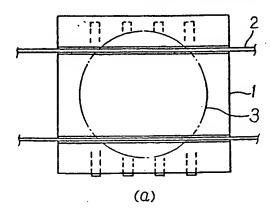


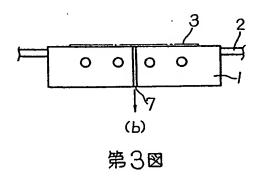
第1図



特開昭63-136532(3)







PTO: 2004-1402

Japanese Published Unexamined (Kokai) Patent Publication No. S63-136532; Publication Date: June 8, 1988; Application No. S61-282843; Application Date: November 27, 1986; Int. Cl.⁴: H01L 21/324 21/30; Inventor: Shuichi Hayashida; Applicant: Kyushu NEC Corporation; Japanese Title: Handoutai Kiban Netsushori Souchi (Semiconductor Substrate Heat Treatment Equipment)

Specification

1. Title of Invention

Semiconductor Substrate Heat Treatment Equipment

2. Claim

Semiconductor substrate heat treatment equipment that performs the heat treatment on the semiconductor substrate while the substrate is mounted on a temperature controlled plate, characterized in that a substrate guide hole is provided on the upper surface of the plate, which accommodates the semiconductor substrate; a hot air blow outlet is provided on the bottom of the substrate guide hole, which floats and holds the semiconductor substrate with air pressure.

3. Detailed Description of the Invention

[Field of Industrial Application]

This invention pertains to semiconductor substrate heat treatment that performs a heat treatment on a semiconductor substrate at a semiconductor production process.

[Prior Art]

This equipment performs the heat treatment as follow. As shown in Fig.3, a semiconductor substrate 3 engaged with a horizontally provided temperature controlled plate 1 using a rail 2 is vacuum-suctioned from a vacuum inlet so as to be attached onto plate 1.

[Problem of Prior Art to Be Addressed]

Prior art semiconductor substrate heat treatment equipment as described above has the following disadvantage because plate 1 and semiconductor substrate 3 are treated at a suctioned state. If dirt or foreign objects are adhered on plate 1, they are also adhered on the suctioning surface of semiconductor substrate 3. It gives a negative effect on the next process. Dirt is further generated by a contact between plate 1 and substrate 3.

The purpose of the invention is to eliminate the aforementioned disadvantages and to offer semiconductor substrate heat treatment equipment that applies the heat treatment without bringing the semiconductor substrate into contact with the plate.

[Measures to Solve the Problem]

The invention is a semiconductor substrate heat treatment equipment that performs the heat treatment on the semiconductor substrate while the substrate is mounted on a temperature controlled plate, characterized in that a substrate guide hole is provided on the upper surface of the plate, which accommodates the semiconductor substrate; a hot air blow outlet is provided on the bottom of the substrate guide hole, which floats and holds the semiconductor substrate with air pressure.

[Embodiment]

An embodiment of the invention is described next with reference to the drawings.

In Fig.1 and Fig.2, a clamp 4 that supports semiconductor substrate 3 is provided on a transfer rail 2 provided in parallel. A recess 1a that receives clamp 4 is provided on plate 1. Multiple heaters 5 are internally embedded in plate 1. Multiple hot air blow outlets 6 are further provided. A substrate guide hole 8 is provided on the upper surface of plate 1. Hot air blow outlets 6 are opened on the bottom of guide holes 8. The temperature of a gas taken from an inlet 10 is heated and controlled at a temperature control chamber 9 using heaters 5. The temperature controlled gas is blown from hot air blow outlets 6 as hot air.

As in the embodiment, substrate 3 and transferred in directions a and b with transfer rail 2 and then set onto substrate guide hole 8. As shown in Fig.2, hot air whose temperature is controlled in advance at a necessary amount is blown from hot air blow outlets 6 so as to float substrate 3.

As is clear as described above, as substrate 3 is heat-treated while it is not in contact with plate 1, no dirt is adhered onto the back surface of the substrate. Dirt is not generated during a contact as well.

[Advantageous Result of the Invention]

As disclosed above, according to the invention, the heat treatment is applied while the semiconductor substrate is floated, dirt and foreign materials will not be adhered onto the substrate. The generation of dirt due to a contact is also eliminated.

4. Brief Description of the Invention

Fig.1 (a) is a top view illustrating an embodiment of the invention. Fig.1 (b) is a cross-sectional view illustrating the embodiment. Fig.2 is an enlarged cross-sectional view illustrating Fig.2. Fig.3 (a) is a top view illustrating prior art equipment. Fig.3 (b) is a cross-sectional view illustrating prior art equipment.

- 1...Plate
- 2...Rail
- 3...Semiconductor substrate
- 4...Clamp
- 5...Heaters
- 6...Hot air blow outlets
- 8...Substrate guide hole

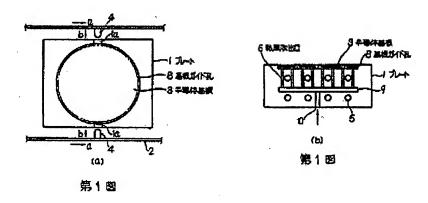
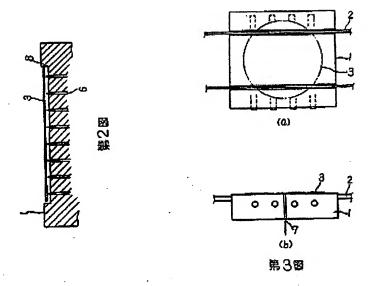


Fig.1 (a):

- 1: Plate
- 3: Semiconductor substrate
- 8: Substrate guide hole

Fig.1 (b): 1: Plate

- 3: Semiconductor substrate
- 6: Hot air blow outlet
- 8: Substrate guide hole



U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Translations Branch 1/15/04 Chisato Morohashi